- 1. In the linear sigma model (*cf.* previous homework), calculate the tree-level decay rate  $\Gamma(\sigma \to \pi\pi)$ .
- 2. Consider two Dirac fields  $\Psi_1(x)$  and  $\Psi_2(x)$  coupled to the a real scalar field  $\Phi(x)$ :

$$\mathcal{L} = \overline{\Psi}_1(i \not \partial - m_1)\Psi_1 + \overline{\Psi}_2(i \not \partial - m_2)\Psi_2 + \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \Phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}M^2\Phi^2 - q_1\Phi\overline{\Psi}_1\Psi_1 - q_2\Phi\overline{\Psi}_2\Psi_2.$$
(1)

At the tree level, calculate the matrix element, the partial cross-section and the total cross-section for scattering of one type of a fermion off the other type,  $f_1 + f_2 \rightarrow f_1 + f_2$ . Take the initial fermions to be unpolarized and sum over the final fermion's polarizations.

Hint: Prove and use

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{s,s'} \left| \bar{u}(p',s')u(p,s) \right|^2 = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tr} \left( (m+p')(m+p') \right)$$

$$= 2(m^2 + EE' - \mathbf{p}\mathbf{p}').$$
(2)

- 3. Consider Rutherford scattering of an electron off a static point-like electric charge. See problem 4.4 of the *Peskin & Schroeder* textbook for details and follow steps (a), (b) and (c) therein.
  - (d) In addition, calculate the scattering cross-section for a relativistic unpolarized electron.

Hint: Prove and use

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{s,s'} \left| \bar{u}(p',s') \gamma^0 u(p,s) \right|^2 = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tr} \left( (m+p') \gamma^0 (m+p) \gamma^0 \right) 
= 2(m^2 + EE' + \mathbf{p}\mathbf{p}').$$
(3)