- 1. First of all, finish your previous reading assignments.
- 2. Next, another reading assignment: Chapter 20 of *Peskin & Schroeder* about the Glashow–Weinberg–Salam standard model of weak and EM interaction.

I shall explain much of this material in class, but I want you to read ahead, and I might skip some important details.

- 3. And now consider what happens when one adds extra Higgses to the GWS theory. Specifically, let us add a real triplet of scalar fields $\varphi_a(x)$ in the $\mathbf{3}^0$ representation of the $SU(2) \times U(1)$ (*i.e.*, isospin I = 1, hypercharge Y = 0). Suppose these scalars develop non-zero vacuum expectation values $\langle \varphi_a \rangle \neq 0$ but they are 'aligned' with the VEV of the standard Higgs scalars $\langle H_i \rangle$ such that the photon remains massless.
 - (a) Show that the triplet Higgs VEVs modify the Z/W mass ratio (*i.e.*, $M_W \neq M_z \times \cos \theta_W$) but the couplings of the W^{\pm} and Z^0 bosons to the quarks and leptons remain exactly as in the standard model.
 - (b) At low energies $E \ll M_W, M_Z$, weak interactions of quarks and leptons are governed by effective four-fermion couplings stemming from exchanges of virtual W^{\pm} and Z^0 particles. In current-current form $J_{\mu}J^{\mu}$,

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{weak}} = -\frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \left[J_L^+ \cdot J_L^- + \rho \left(J_{L3} - \sin^2 \theta_W J_{EM} \right)^2 \right]. \tag{1}$$

In the standard model $\rho = 1$ (make sure you understand why). Show that adding triplet Higgs VEVs to the theory leads to $\rho > 1$.